



Australian Government
**Australian Pesticides and
Veterinary Medicines Authority**

**PERMIT TO ALLOW MINOR USE OF A REGISTERED AGVET CHEMICAL
PRODUCT FOR SUPPRESSION OF VARIOUS WEEDS IN TEA TREE**

PERMIT NUMBER – PER89541

This permit is issued to the Permit Holder in response to an application granted by the APVMA under section 112 of the Agvet Codes of the jurisdictions set out below. This permit allows a person, as stipulated below, to use the product in the manner specified in this permit in the designated jurisdictions. This permit also allows the Permit Holder and any person stipulated below to claim that the product can be used in the manner specified in this permit.

THIS PERMIT IS IN FORCE FROM 5 DECEMBER 2020 TO 31 DECEMBER 2022

Permit Holder:

ATTIA LTD
29 Leonard Street
LAIDLEY QLD 4341

Persons who can use the product under this permit:

Persons generally.

CONDITIONS OF USE

Products to be used:

VALOR 500 WG HERBICIDE (APVMA No. 61622)

PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 500 g/kg FLUMIOXAZIN as the only active constituent.

RESTRAINT:

DO NOT apply if heavy rains or storms are forecast within 3 days.

DO NOT apply on sandy soils in areas where the slope exceeds 4%.

DO NOT make more than two applications per year. A minimum interval of 28 days between applications must be observed.

Apply according to label restraints.

Directions for Use:

Crop	Pest	Rate
Tea Tree	Suppression of:	120 g/Ha to 400 g/Ha
	Bellvine (<i>Ipomoea plebeia</i>) Purple top (<i>Verbena bonariensis</i>) Annual ryegrass (<i>Lolium rigidum</i>) Barnyard grass (<i>Echinochloa colona</i>) Fat Hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>) Feathertop Rhodes grass (<i>Chloris virgata</i>) Summer grass (<i>Digitaria ciliaris</i>) Crowsfoot (<i>Eleusine indica</i>) Nutgrass (<i>Cyperus rotundus</i>) Wild cotton (<i>Gomphocarpus spp.</i>)	Apply over stumps post-harvest, before budburst.
	Blackberry nightshade (<i>Solanum nigrum</i>) Paddy's Lucerne (<i>Sida rhombifolia</i>) Farmer's friend (<i>Bidens pilosa</i>) Bluetop (<i>Ageratum houstonianum</i>) White eye (<i>Richardia brasiliensis</i>) Amaranth (<i>Amaranthus spp.</i>) Colombian waxweed (<i>Cuphea carthagenensis</i>) Fleabane (<i>Conyza bonariensis</i>) Perennial grasses e.g. Setaria (<i>Setaria sphacelata</i>), Giant Parramatta grass (<i>Sporobolus spp.</i>)	30 g/Ha Apply as an additive with knockdown herbicides per label use. For pre-plant, post-harvest or shielded spraying.
		120 g/Ha to 400 g/Ha Apply to seedlings within 2 weeks of planting.

Critical Use Comments:

- Apply according to the timing specified in the Directions for Use Table.
- Apply using boomspray or shielded sprayer.
- Use a spray volume of 120 to 250 litres per hectare.
- DO NOT apply more than 2 applications per year, except for use in seedlings where 1 application may be used per crop.
- DO NOT apply less than 28 days after the initial treatment.
- DO NOT apply by air.
- DO NOT apply after budburst unless using shielded application equipment and applicator can ensure spray drift will not come in contact with crop foliage. Shielded applications after budburst should not be made with glyphosate or products containing glyphosate.
- DO NOT mix with any other herbicides or additives when applying over seedlings.
- Ensure the tank is cleaned per label both prior to and after using flumioxazin.
- When large weeds are present, use a knockdown herbicide at the full rate, allow weeds to die back and ensure trash is minimal before application.

Withholding Period:

Grazing: Do not graze or cut for stock food for 4 weeks after application.

Jurisdiction:

NSW and QLD only.

Additional Conditions:

This permit allows for the use of a product in a manner specified on the permit. Persons who wish to prepare for use and/or use products for the purposes specified in this permit must read, or have read to them, the details and conditions of this permit. Unless otherwise stated, the use of the product must be in accordance with the product label.

To Avoid Crop Damage

The sensitivity of the crop to be treated under this permit has not been fully evaluated. It is advisable to only treat a small area to ascertain the reaction before treating the whole crop.

Issued by the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority