



Australian Government
**Australian Pesticides and
Veterinary Medicines Authority**

**PERMIT TO ALLOW EMERGENCY USE OF A REGISTERED AGVET CHEMICAL
PRODUCT FOR CONTROL OF BOTRYTIS GREY MOULD AND SUPPRESSION OF
SCLEROTINIA ROT IN CHICKPEAS**

PERMIT NUMBER – PER91508

This permit is issued to the Permit Holder in response to an application granted by the APVMA under section 112 of the Agvet Codes of the jurisdictions set out below. This permit allows a person, as stipulated below, to use the product in the manner specified in this permit in the designated jurisdictions. This permit also allows the Permit Holder and any person stipulated below to claim that the product can be used in the manner specified in this permit.

THIS PERMIT IS IN FORCE FROM 15 SEPTEMBER 2021 TO 30 NOVEMBER 2021

Permit Holder:

PULSE AUSTRALIA LIMITED
Suite 501 Level 5, 6 Help Street
CHATSWOOD NSW 2067

Persons who can use the product under this permit:

Persons generally (in accordance with any supply or use restrictions imposed by State and Territory legislation for Schedule 7 Poisons).

CONDITIONS OF USE

Products to be used:

SUMITOMO SUMISCLEX BROADACRE FUNGICIDE (APVMA No. 53963)

PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 500 g/L PROCYMIDONE as the only active constituent.

IMTRADE NOSCLEX 800 WG FUNGICIDE (APVMA No. 70284)

PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 800 g/kg PROCYMIDONE as the only active constituent.

Directions for Use:

Crop	Disease	Rate
Chickpeas	Botrytis Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	500 g/L products: 500 mL/ha 800 g/kg products: 313 g/ha
	Sclerotinia rot (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>) (Suppression only)	

Critical Use Comments:

- Apply a maximum of 4 foliar applications per crop using a boomspray, at a minimum 2-3 weeks retreatment interval.
- DO NOT apply more than 2 consecutive sprays of procymidone based products. Alternate with fungicides with different modes of action.
- For aerial application to a chickpea crop that is directly adjacent to a downwind paddock where grazing stock may be present, use COARSE nozzle settings and observe a 20 m buffer to that paddock in order to minimise drift.

For control of Botrytis Grey Mould

- Where possible it is recommended and desirable to apply the initial foliar application immediately prior to canopy closure to ensure good spray penetration into the crop. Monitoring of crop and environmental conditions will help determine timing of later applications.
- Use minimum spray volumes of 100 L/ha for ground application and 30 - 50 L/ha for aerial application.
- Use a non-ionic surfactant at 10 mL/100 L.

For suppression of Sclerotinia rot

- Apply at the first sign of disease.
- Use minimum spray volumes of 100 L/ha for ground application and 45 L/ha for aerial application.

Withholding Period:

Harvest: Do not harvest for 21 days after application.

Grazing: Do not graze or cut for stock food for 21 days after application.

Jurisdiction:

All States and Territories, except VIC.

Note: Victoria is not included in this permit, as their Control-of-Use legislation means a permit is not required to legalise this off-label use in that State.

Additional Conditions:

This permit allows for the use of a product in a manner specified on the permit. Persons who wish to prepare for use and/or use products for the purposes specified in this permit must read, or have read to them, the details and conditions of this permit. Unless otherwise stated, the use of the product must be in accordance with the product label.

Warning Statement

WARNING: procymidone causes birth defects in laboratory animals. Women of childbearing age should avoid contact with procymidone.

To Avoid Crop Damage

The sensitivity of the crop to be treated under this permit has not been fully evaluated. It is advisable to only treat a small area to ascertain the reaction before treating the whole crop.

Re-entry

DO NOT enter treated areas until the spray has dried unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing), chemical resistant gloves and boots. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

Export of treated produce

Temporary Maximum Residue Limits TMRLs have been established to allow treated produce to be used for human and animal consumption. MRLs have been established for PROCYMIDONE in CHICK-PEA (DRY) and CHICK-PEA FORAGE AND FODDER. MRLs can be found in the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code (MRL Standard) Instrument 2019*. MRLs apply only to produce marketed and consumed in Australia. Growers should note that MRLs or import tolerances do not exist in all markets for produce treated with procymidone. If you are growing produce for export, please check with the permit holder for the latest information on MRLs and import tolerances before using procymidone products.

Other Matters

Continued issuance of this permit is subject to the outcomes of the current APVMA review of procymidone. This permit may be impacted by the outcomes of this review.

Issued by the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority