# SUMITOMO CHEMICAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Fenitrothion TG** 

SECTION 1: Identification: Pr	oduct identifier and chemical identity	
Product identifier		
Product name	Fenitrothion TG	
Chemical name	O,O-dimethyl O-4-nitro-m-tolyl phosphorothioate	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Application	Insecticide	
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.	
Details of the supplier of the s	afety data sheet	
Supplier	www.sumitomo-chem.com.au Sumitomo Chemical Australia Pty Ltd Level 5, 51 Rawson Street, EPPING, NSW 2121 (02) 8752 9000 (02) 8752 9099 Reception@sumitomo-chem.com.au	
Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone	1800 033 111 (Australia) 0800 734 607 (New Zealand)	
SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identif	fication	
Classification of the substance	e or mixture	
Physical hazards	Not Classified	
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H302	
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	
Label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	WARNING	
Hazard statements	H302 Harmful if swallowed. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P330 Rinse mouth.</li> <li>P391 Collect spillage.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>	

#### Contains

Fenitrothion

#### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic) or vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients	
Substances	
Fenitrothion (O,O-dimethyl O-4-nitro-m-tolyl phosphorothioate)	min. 93%
CAS number: 122-14-5	

SECTION 4: First aid measures		
Description of first aid meas	ures	
General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.	
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention.	
Skin Contact	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention.	
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
Protection of first aiders	It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	
Most important symptoms a	nd effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.	
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.	
Skin contact	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.	
Eye contact	No specific symptoms known. May be slightly irritating to eyes.	
Indication of any immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Keep affected person under observation. Atropine sulfate is recommended for acute poisoning as treatment strategy	
SECTION 5: Firefighting me	asures	

## Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from the	ne substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. This product is toxic.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very toxic or corrosive gases or vapours.
Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Hazchem Code	3X
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures
Personal precautions, protecti	ve equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapours. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.
	aquatic environment.
Environmental precautions	aquatic environment.

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Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage, including how the chemical may be safely used
Precautions for safe handling	
Usage precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. This product is toxic. Immediate first aid is imperative. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store locked up. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.
Storage class	Toxic storage.
Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1
SECTION 8: Exposure control	s and personal protection

Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and complies with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Oily liquid.	
Colour	yellowish red	
Odour	Sulfurous odour	
рН	pH (diluted solution): 3.9 10%	
Initial boiling point and range	140-145°C @ 13.3 Pa	
Flash point	~ 157°C Pensky-Martens closed cup.	
Vapour pressure	0.00157 Pa @ 25°C	
Relative density	~ 1.33 @ 20°C	
Auto-ignition temperature	299 ± 5°C	
Decomposition Temperature	ca 210°C	

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.	
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.	
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity - oral		
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed.	

Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin Contact	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.
Eye contact	No specific symptoms known.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target Organs	No specific target organs known.
SECTION 12: Ecological inform	nation
Toxicity	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Acute aquatic toxicity	

Acute toxicity - aquatic	LC₅₀, 48 hour: 0.0086 mg/l, Daphnia magna
invertebrates	

invertebrates

Chronic aquatic toxicityChronic toxicity - aquaticLC50, 96 hour: 0.000087 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Persistence and degradability		
	The degradability of the product is not known.	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulative Potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.	
Mobility in soil		
Mobility	No data available.	
Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	None known.	
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	erations	
Waste treatment methods		
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.	
Disposal methods	Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.	
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation	
General	Classified as dangerous in the meaning of Road/Rail (ADG), Sea (INDG) and Air (ICAO/IATA) transport regulations.	
UN number 3018		
UN proper shipping name ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC (Fenitrothion)		
Transport hazard class(es) 6.1		
Packing group		
Special precautions for user		
Hazchem Code	3X	
SECTION 15: Regulatory infor	mation	

Inventories

#### Australia - AICS

Not applicable

SECTION 16: Any other relevant information	
Training advice	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision date	25/08/2021
Revision	1
SDS No.	4626
Hazard statements in full	H302 Harmful if swallowed. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.